

The Basic Principles of Rehabilitation

• Orissa Disaster Mitigation Mission

1. The community should be treated as the basic unit for Planning Execution and Evaluation of Rehabilitation Programs
2. To Adopt Sustainable Development Practices.
3. Rehabilitation policies & programs should be equitable.
4. Rehabilitation Policies should focus on people's self-reliance, human dignity, and eliminating dependency.
5. Adopt a Rights Based Approach Rather than a Benevolent Approach in Rehabilitation.
6. Accountability and Transparency at all level of operations.

Role of NGOs

• Orissa Disaster Mitigation Mission

The NGOs have so far been playing the following roles .

1. Providing immediate relief (food, health, sanitation)
2. Implementing Food for Work in a very creative manner.
3. Timely supply of seeds for leafy vegetables and other vegetables.
4. Influencing Policy of the government for a community based rehabilitation of children, widows and other persons at risk.
5. Implementing a number of livelihood, housing programs.
6. Engaging in organising communities and building their capacity.
7. Coordinating with other agencies including Govt. agencies.
8. Implementing Public Health programs.
9. Setting up Socio-Legal Counselling & Information centres.

The NGOs have the potential for an expanded role besides the ones mentioned above.

1. Provide Professional Support for Organising a proper Coordination Mechanism at the District level.
2. Take up Livelihood Rehabilitation of the Vulnerable Sections of the Society.
3. Take up some key programs to address structural causes of poverty.
4. Capacity building & Training of the field workers & the people.
5. Undertake Micro-Planning.
6. Undertake Community Disaster Preparedness activities.

Key Indicators to be monitored

• Orissa Disaster Mitigation Mission

- I. **LIVELIHOOD**
 1. Wages Employment : No. of Person Days Created (Farm, Non-Farm Others)
 2. Farm Employment : No. of farmers. Restoring their Agricultural Livelihood.
 3. Self Employment : No. of Self Employment Units Restarted
 4. Food Availability : Quantity of food available (at different levels : Household, PDS, Market levels)
- II. **HEALTH**
 5. Safe drinking & bathing water : No. of safe Drinking Water Sources Available (giving adequate quantity of water for 100 households) - No. of ponds ready for bathing purposes
 6. Public Awareness : No. of villages covered under preventive care & hygiene promotion, No. of villages made aware of prevention against sunstroke
- III. **SOCIAL SECURITY**
 7. Rehabilitation of Orphans : No. of Orphans Rehabilitated
 8. Rehabilitation of Widows : No. of Widows Rehabilitated
 9. Rehabilitation of Old & Disabled & Persons at Risk : No. of Persons Rehabilitated
- IV. **HABITAT (Ecology & Housing)**
 10. Nurseries : No. of Seedling Raised
 11. Plantation : No. of Trees Planted
 12. Individual housing : No. of New houses constructed
No. of Houses Repaired
 13. Public Buildings : No. of Schools Rebuilt
No. of Schools repaired (Primary, Secondary)
No. of Community Centres Built (Cyclone Shelters, others)
- V. **DISASTER PREPAREDNESS**
 14. Preparedness of the Villagers : No. of villages covered under Community Preparedness Program
 15. Institutional Preparedness : Strengthening at GP/Block/District level, Setting up of specialized institutions at state level.
 16. Disaster mitigation plan/Policy : Review of Orissa Relief Code, Review of best practices worldwide, Preparation of a Blue print for a Comprehensive Disaster Mitigation Plan.

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