Menus for Low-Cost
Balanced Diets
and
School-Lunch
Programmes

SUITABLE FOR NORTH INDIA





NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF NUTRITION INDIAN COUNCIL OF MEDICAL RESEARCH HYDERABAD, INDIA 1984

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# MENUS FOR LOW-COST BALANCED DIETS AND SCHOOL-LUNCH PROGRAMMES

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NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF NUTRITION
Indian Council of Medical Research
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# PREFACE TO SECOND EDITION

The booklet entitled "Menus for Low-cost Balanced Diets and School Lunch Programmes" suitable for North India brought out by the National Institute of Nutrition has been quite popular.

The Nutrition Advisory Committee has revised the recommended allowanced of nutrients for Indians in 1968. The data presented in the book which was originally brought out in 1959 have now been updated in the light of these recommendations. Also since the prices of foodstuffs have been changing over the years, information with regard to cost of the various preparations has been worked out again based on the prices prevailing in Hyderabad in recent months.

We hope that the booklet will continue to be a useful source material for dietitans, social workers and nutritionists all over the country.

National Institute of Nutrition, Hyderabad. 19 March 1977. S. G. SRIKANTIA Director.

#### PREFACE TO FIRST EDITION

A large body of scientific information which could be utilised for improving the dietaries in India has become available as a result of the efforts of research workers in India. Unfortunately, the people have not been in a position to make much use of it for want of authoritative publications which could enable the accumulated knowledge to be put to practical use. The Nutrition Research Laboratories of the Indian Council of Medical Research compiled nearly twenty years ago the results of analysis of indian foodstuffs which have been published by the Government of India as the popularly known Health Bulletin 23. The bulletin not only gives information on the nutritive value of a large variety of Indian foodstuffs but also suggestions for the planning of satisfactory diets.

The present publication is designed to help the public in North India by giving practical hints on the preparation of nutritious snacks and meals. The preparations are of the type well-known to our people in North India and have been so designed as to be within the reach of most. It is hoped that this brochure will achieve the object of making the dietaries sufficiently varied and what is more important, provide a basis for balancing the diets from the nutritional standpoint.

New Delhi, 10th September 1959. C. G. PANDIT
Director

#### **EXCHANGE LISTS** •

#### EXCHANGE LIST I

#### FOR PRINCIPAL MEALS

# A. Cereal Exchange

- (i) Wheat (1 and 2)
- (ii) Bengal gram (3)
- (iii) Jowar, Bajra, Maize (4)
- (iv) Rice (5)

It is advised that the same cereal should not be used for both the principal meals in the day.

#### B Pulse and Vegetable Exchange

- (i) Dal (6), Mint chutney (7), Vegetable bhujia (8)
- (ii) Dal with calabash cucumber (9), Charla (10)
- (iii) Curry (11), Green leafy vegetable bhurjee (12)
- (iv) Vadian (13). Turnips (14)
- (v) Rajmah (15), Raita (16)
- (vi) Dal with green leafy vegetables (17),
- Vegetable bhujia (8)
- (vii) Brinjal bhurtha (18), and Dal (6)
- (viii) Rape leaves (19), Raita (16)

#### C Fruit Exchange

One ripe banana or mango or orange or guava.

#### **EXCHANGE LIST II**

#### FOR LIGHT MEALS

#### Snack Exchange

- (i) Wheat porridge (20)
- (ii)) Wheat pulse ladoo (21)
- (iii) Khicheri (22)
- (iv) Pakodai (23)
- (v) Dosai (24)
- (vi) Potato gulabjamun (25)
- (viii) Aalu chole (27) (viii) Dahi vadai (26)
- (ix) Calabash cucumber halwa (28)
  - (x) Basen omelete (29)
- (ix) Marunda (30)
- (xii) Poha (31)
- (xiii) Fruit chaat (32)
- (xiv) Pura (33)
- (xv) Sago vadai (23)
- (xvi) Khaman dhokla (35)
- (xviii) Green gram ladoo (36)
- (xviii) Sprouted green gram with jaggery (37)
  - (xix) Dahi chidwa (38)
  - (xx) Sprouted green gram (39)
  - (xxi) Sweet potato pura (40)

<sup>\*</sup>The numerals within parentheses refer to the number in the "List of Recipes' Details of preparation are also given in the same Section.

# RECIPES

# Exchange List 1

#### 1. CHAPATIE

	gm	
Wheat Flour	200	
Oil or ghee (Optional)	15-30	
Water	as requir	red

Method: Wheat flour is kneaded into dough with water. Small porion of dough is made into chapatie with rolling board and pin; placed on a flat iron pan heated on fire and the side turned when slightly baked. When both sides are slightly baked. It is roasted over burning charcoal or puffed with slight pressure with cloth. If oil is to be added, chapatie is rolled along with half a teaspoonful of oil and when one side is cooked, half a teaspoonful more of oil is added and chapatie fried from both sides.

The kneaded dough can be kept over night and 'Khamiri Roti' can be cooked just like ordinary chapatie.

#### 2. TANDOOR KI ROTI

	gm	
Wheat Flour	200	
Ghee or butter (Optional)	15-30	
Water	as require	d

Method: Wheat flour is kneaded into soft dough and uivided into small portions. The 'Tandoor' (big fire place made of mud) is heated by burning fire wood in it. Chapaties are made with hands using water and are stuck to innersides of hot 'Tandoor.' Chapaties are removed with cloth, when ready.

# 3. MISSI ROTI

	gm
Bengal Gram Flour	 85
Wheat Flour	 115
Fenugreek leaves or soya leaves	 100
Onions	 30
Green chillies	 5
Oil	 30

Salt ... to taste
Water ... as required

Method: All ingredients, except oil are mixed and kneaded into dough. Small portions of dough are made into chapatie on flat board with rolling pin and placed on heated iron pan. Chapatie is turned when slightly baked; half a teaspoonful of oil is poured and chapatie fried on both sides. It can also be cooked in Tandoor.

#### 4. ROTI

Maize or Bajra or Jowar	gm
or Ragi Flour	 200
Oil	 30
Celery seeds	 2
Salt	 to taste
Hot Water	 as required

Method: Flour and celery seeds are mixed with a little salt and divided into three portions; hot water in sufficient quantity is added gradually to one portion and kneaded for about five minutes to make into a dough. Kneaded dough is made into balls and then into chapties placed on a heated iron pan smeared with a little oil and spread with fingers. When cooked, a little oil is poured over uncooked side, turned and cooked. Similarly two more roties are made one after the other from the two remaining portions.

#### 5. COOKED CEREALS

Wheat or Rice or Jowar
(Whole grain) ... 200
Water ... as required

Method: Rice is washed once or twice with minimal quantities of water, then boiled in just sufficient water till cooked.

Other Cereals are pounded in a mortar till bran, husk, chaff etc. are released, winnowed free of bran etc., and the cleaned grain broken and boiled in just sufficient water till cooked.

#### 6. DAL

Black Gram Dal		35
Bengal Gram Dal		35
Turmeric		1
Chillie powder		1
Onion		5
Ginger		2
Garam masala*		2
Oil		1
Salt		to taste
Water		as required

Method: The two dals are cleaned and cooked in water with salt, chillie powder and turmeric till very soft and semi-solid, care being taken to see that grains do not break; Chopped onion and ginger fried in oil are added to hot dal. 'garam masala' is then sprinkled over it.

#### 7. MINT CHUTNEY

	gm
Mint	 50
Onion	 20
Green chillies	 3
Green mango or dried	
pomegranate seeds	 3
Salt	 to taste

Method: All vegetables are washed, cut and ground together on a grinding stone with the addition of salt.

# 8. VEGETABLE BHUJIA

		gm	
Brinjal or Cauliflower or Cabbage			
or Calabash Cucumber or			
Ladies Fingers or Tinda	•••	75	
Oil	•••	5	
Onion	•••	15	
Ginger (only for cauliflower)		3	
Chillie powder		1	
Coriander leaves		1	
Turmeric		1	
Salt		to taste	

<sup>•</sup> The preparation 'garam masala' is given on page 12.

Method: Sliced ginger and onions are fried in oil till golden brown; vegetable is washed and cut, salt, turmeric and chillie powder added and cooked on slow fire till soft. Chopped coriander leaves are added and the vegetable fried till all water is absorbed. Garam masala is sprinkled after removing from fire.

#### 9. DAL WITH CALABASH CUCUMBER

	gm
Bengal Gram Dal	 30
Calabash cucumber	 75
Chillie powder	 1
Oil or hydrogenated fat	 3
Cumin	 1
Turmeric	 1
Garam masala	 1
Salt	 to taste
Water	 as required

Method: Dal is cleaned and cooked in water till slightly soft, small pieces of calabash cucumber along with salt, chillie powder and turmeric are added and cooked till very soft and semi-solid in consistency; cumin is fried in oil and added to the above Then garam masala is sprinkled over.

# 10. SHARLA

	gm
Small Potatoes	 75
Oil	 3
Chillie powder	 1
Garam masala	 1
Salt	 to taste
Water	 as required

Method: Chillie powder is silghtly fried in hot oil, whole potatoes and salt are added and cooked with a little water till soft; fried for a little while and garam masala is sprinkled.

#### 11. CURRY

		gm
Bengal Gram Dal Flour		20
Butter milk		600
Chillie powder		2
Oil		3
Turmeric	•••	1
Coriander seeds		30
Onions		1
Garam masala		1
Salt		to tase
Water		as required
*Pakodai (Optional)		Ten

Method: Bengal gram dal flour is mixed with buttermilk salt, turmeric, chillie powder and the mixture is kept aside. Sliced onions and coriander seeds are fried in oil and mixed with the above. Plenty of water is added to it and cooked. stirring all the time till thick, and till the raw flavour disappears. Garam masala is sprinkled. Fried pakodai may be added about five minutes before removing from fire.

# 12. GREEN LEAFY VEGETABLE BHURJEE

	gm
Fenugreek Leaves or Spinach or Bathua or	 100
Cholai or Rape Leaves	
Potatoes	 75
Green chillies	 3
Oil .	 3
Salt	 to taste

Method: Sliced green chillies are fried in oil; green leafy vegetables are washed and cut, small pieces of potatoes and salt are added to it, covered and cooked on slow fire. Frying is continued for a few more minutes after the water is absorbed and the vegetables become soft.

<sup>\*</sup> See page 14, Recipe No. 23

#### 13. VADIAN CURRY

		gm
*Vadian		30
Potatoes		75
Cumin		1
Turmeric		1
Garam masala		1
Oil or hydrogenated fat	•••	5
Salt	•••	to taste
Water		as required

Method: Vadian are fried in oil and kept aside; cumin is fried in the same oil and potatoes, turmeric and salt are added and cooked till potatoes are half done; then the vadian are added and cooked till soft and a little gravy remains. Garam masala is sprinkled finally.

## 14. TURNIPS

	gm
	75
•••	2
	2
	1
	2
•••	1
•••	1
	3
•••	1
•••	to taste
	as required

Method: Turnips are peeled, cut and cooked in water till soft; extra water is decanted; salt, turmeric and chilles are added and the whole is mashed with a ladle till no solid pieces are left. Sugar and maize flour are added and allowed to cook for a few minutes. Sliced onion and ginger fried in oil are added to the vegetable. Chopped coriander leaves and garam masala are sprinkled over.

<sup>•</sup> The preparation of Vadian is given on page 12.

#### 15. RAJMAH

	gm
Rajmah or Rawan	 55
Onion	 30
Tomato	 15
Chillie powder	 2
Turmeric	 1
Ginger	 3
Oil	3
Garam masala	 1
Salt	 to taste
Water	 as required

Method: Cleaned rajmah is soaked overnight, boiled till soft and kept aside. Ground onion and ginger are fried in oil, chopped tomato added and fried, then added to boiled rajmah along with rest of ingredients (except garam masala) and cooked for a few minutes. Garam masala is finally sprinkled. The final preparation should have a little gravy

Instead of rajmah, a mixture of equal quantities of rajmah and whole black gram may be used; in such a case, onion and ginger should be chopped and not ground. No turmeric is added to this dal.

# 16. RAITA

		gm
Curd	•••	115
Potatoes or Cucumber or Mint or		
Calabash Cucumber		55
Garam masala		1
Red chillie powder		1
Roasted cumin powder		1
Salt		to taste

Method: Boiled potatoes are cut into small pieces and added to churned curd along with the other ingredients. If calabash cucumber is to be used, it should be grated, boiled, the water squeezed out and then added to churned curd. Cucumber and other vegetables are merely chopped and added to churned curd.

#### 17. DAL WITH GREEN LEAFY VEGETABLE

Green Gram or Green Gram Dal		gm
or Bengal Gram Dal		30
Spinach or Bathua or Chulai	•••	100
Oil	•••	5
Onion		15
Green chillies		3
Salt	•••	to taste
Water		as required

Method: Dal is cleaned and boiled till slightly soft; green leafy vegetable, chopped green chillies and salt are added and cooked till very soft, mashed with ladle or churner and cooked again for a few minutes. Chopped onions are fried in oil and added to the curry.

#### 18. BRINJAL BHURTHA

	gm	
Brinjal	 75	
Tomato	 30	
Onion	 30	
Chillie powder	 1	1
Coriander leaves	 1	~83
Garam masala	 1	150
Oil	 5	

Method: Brinjal smeared with a little oil is roasted on fire, peeled, washed, mashed and kept aside. Chopped onions are fried, tomato is added and both are fried for a little while; chillie powder, salt and mashed brinjal added and fried till bhurtha does not stick to the sides of the pan; chopped coriander leaves and garam masala are then added.

#### 19. RAPE LEAVES

gm
 85
 15
 5
 3
 3
 3
 as required
 to taste

Method: Rape leaves, spinach and green chillies are cut and cooked in plenty of water; extra is decanted off, salt added and the vegetable ground till finely mashed. Maize flour is added and cooked for about five minutes; fried ginger is added finally.

#### GARAM MASALA

	gm
Big cardamoms	 115
Black pepper	 230
Cumin	 230
Coriander seeds	 230
Cinnamon	 15
Cloves	 5

Method: The cumin seeds are roasted; the other cleaned condiments are dried in sun; cardamom is peeled and all ingredients powdered finely and stored in air-tight tins.

# VADIAN

		gm
Black Gram Dal	•••	230
Ash gourd		230
Black pepper		5
Red chillies		15
Ginger		30
Big cardamoms		5
Cloves and Cinnamon		2
Asafoetida		a pinch

Method: Ash gourd is grated and the water squeezed out, Asafoetida is soaked in the ash gourd water.

The dal is soaked, ground and beaten with hand till it becomes frothy (*Test*: A small ball of the beaten dal when dropped in water, will float and not sink).

The dal, powdered spices and the prepared ash gourd are mixed well. Using the asafoetida water, the mixture is made into small balls which are sun-dried on a clean cloth. After dry, they are stored in air tight tins. They can be kept for several months.

# Exchange List II

#### 20. WHEAT PORRIDGE

	gm
Broken Wheat	 85
Green Gram	 30
Milk	 115
Jaggery or sugar	 30
Water	 as required

Method: Broken wheat is roasted in a pan; green gram and water added and cooked till the grains are soft; jaggery is mixed with water, strained to remove impurities and added to the above. The mixture is cooked till semisolid; then removed from fire and hot milk is added.

Note: Instead of jaggery a little salt may be added while cooking. Sometimes this preparation can be consumed without milk. The nutritive value will however, be appreciably lower if milk is not included.

# 21. WHEAT PULSE LADOO

	gm
Roasted Bengal Gram Flour	 30
Roasted Wheat Flour	 30
Jaggery powder	 15
Water or milk as binder	 as required

Method: All ingredients are mixed and made into small balls.

#### 22. KHICHERI

	gm
Rice	 30
Green Gram or Bengal Gram Dal	 30
Water	 as required
Salt	 to taste

Method: Cleaned rice and dal are cooked in water with salt till the grains are soft and the water is absorbed. A little cumin is fried in ghee or oil and added towards the end (optional).

When Bengal gram dal is used, it should be partly cooked before rice is added.

#### 23. PAKODI

	gm
Bengal Gram Flour	 40
Vegitable (Brinjal, onion, potato,	
cauliflower, green leafy vegetables)	 75
Oil (absorbed by pakodai	 15
Chillie powder	 2
Salt	 to taste
Water	 as required

Method: Bengal gram flour, salt and chillie powder are mixed and made into a thin paste with water. Sliced vegetables are smeared with salt and chillie powder and kept for a few minutes; extra water of vegetables is discarded. The vegetables are dipped in the thin paste of Bengal gram flour and deep fried in oil.

# 24. DOSAI

	gm
Rice	55
Black Gram Dal	 30
Oil	 30
Salt	 to taste
Water	 as required

Method: Rice and dal are soaked separately in water overnight and finely ground together. The batter is mixed well, and salt and sufficient water added to make a thin paste which is then kept aside for a few hours to ferment. Ladlefuls are spread evenly over a heated iron plate on open fire, smeared with a little oil and cooked on both sides.

# 25. POTATO GULABJAMUN

		gm
Potato		55
Skimmed Milk Powder, or Khoa prepared from Skimmed Milk		30
Vanaspati (absorbed by		
Gulabjamun)		3
Jaggery		30
White flour		3
Butter	١	3
Baking powder		a small pinch
Water		as required

Method: Potatoes are boiled, mashed and mixed with white flour, skimmed milk powder, baking powder and butter to make a dough. The dough is divided into several small balls which are fried in vanaspati till dark brown, then left immersed in hot jaggery syrup for two hours.

# 26. DAHI VADAI

	gm
Curd	 115
Green Gram or black Gram Dal	 30
Oil (absorbed by Vadais)	 10
Chillie powder	 2
Roasted cumin powder	 2
Garam masala	 1
Salt	 to taste

Method: Green gram dal is soaked overnight and ground well till it becomes frothy; small portions are deep fried and soaked in salted water for a few minutes; the vadais are pressed to remove water and oil and added to churned curd along with spices and condiments.

Note: These vadais can straightaway be put into sugar or aggery syrup instead of curd. This preparation is known as Rasbarry.

# 27. AALU CHOLE

	gm
Kabuli or White Gram	 55
Bengal Gram Dal	 15
Potato	 55
Onions	 20
Ginger	 3
Mango powder (Optional)	 2
Chillie-powder	 2
Green chillies	 2
Tamarind pulp	 5
Oil	 3
Salt	 to taste
Water	 as required

Method: Gram and Bengal gram dal are soaked overnight and boiled till quite soft; ground and fried onions, boiled dal, salt, chillie powder and boiled potatoes are mixed and cooked for a few minutes; sliced ginger is added; removed from fire; whole green chillies, tamarind pulp and mango powder are added. There should be no gravy.

# 28. CALABASH CUCUMBER HALWA

		gm
Calabash Cucumber	•••	75
Skimmed Milk	•••	230
Sugar or brown sugar		30
Vanaspati		2

Method: Grated calabash cucumber is cooked with skimmed milk till very soft. Brown sugar is added and cooked further till all water is absorbed. Vanaspathi fat is added and stirred over a low fire till the halwa does not stick to the sides of the pan.

#### 29. BASEN OMELETE

	gm
Bengal Gram Flour	 55
Onion	 15
Green chillies	 3
Tomato (Optional)	 30
Oil or hydrogenated fat	 5
Salt	 to taste
Water	 as required

Method: Bengal gram flour is mixed with chopped onion, green chillies, salt and water to make a thin paste. Ladlefuls are spread evenly over heated iron plate smeared with a little oil and cooked on both sides.

#### 30. MARUNDA

		gm
Roasted Wheat, or Roasted Gr	oundnut,	
or Roasted Bengal Gram		30
Jaggery		30
Water		to prepare syrup

Method I: In this preparation, roasted wheat or groundnuts or Bengal gram can be used alone or in mixtures. Jaggery is boiled with a little water till thick and frothy, the roasted wheat added, mixed well and made into balls.

Puffed rice and pop corn may be used and amount of jaggery increased according to taste.

Method II: (Suitable where roasted Bengal gram or groundnuts are available piping hot).

Hot, roasted Bengal gram or groundnuts are mixed with powdered jaggery and made into balls using a clean cloth.

#### 31. POHE

	gm
Beaten Rice	 55
Peas or Potatoes	 55
Onions	 20
Mustard seeds	1
Coconut (optional)	 5
Oil	 3
Sugar (optional)	 2
Turmeric	 1
Green chillies	 2
Asafeetida (Optional)	 1
Lime juice	 5
Salt	 to taste
Water	 as required

Method: Sliced onion is browned in oil, powdered asafoetida, chopped green chillies and mustard seeds are added and fried for a few seconds. Peas along with salt, turmeric and water are added and cooked till soft. Beaten rice is cleaned and washed and added to the cooked peas and cooking continued for a few seconds; sugar is added and the whole removed from fire. Grated coconut and lime juice are added and mixed well.

# 32. FRUIT CHAAT

		gm
Banana		15
Pototo (boiled)		30
Sweet potato (boiled)		30
Guava		15
Bilimbi		5
Lime or lemon juice		5
Chillie powder	•••	2
Mango powder		2
Roasted cumin powder		1
Sugar (Optional)	•••	2
Salt		to taste

Method: All the fruits are cut into small pieces and mixed with spices; lime juice is added as required.

#### 33. PURA

		gm
Wheat flour		55
Brown sugar or sugar		30
Aniseed		2
Vanaspathi	1	10
Water		as required

Method: Sugar is dissolved in water, wheat flour and aniseed are added to make a thin batter and kept aside for a few minutes. Ladlefuls are spread evenly over heated iron plate with a little vanaspathi and cooked on both sides.

#### 34. SAGO VADAI

	gm
Potatoes	 55
Sago	 30
Green chillies	 3
Coriander leaves	 1
Oil (absorbed by vadais)	 10
Salt	 to taste

Method: Washed sago is soaked in just sufficient water for about half an hour to make the grains soft, and mixed with boiled, mashed potatoes, chopped green chillies, coriander leaves and salt; the mixture is divided into small balls, flattend between the palms of the hands and fried in oil till light brown.

# 35. KAMAN DHOKLA

	gm
Bengal Gram Dal Flour	 55
Butter milk	 140
Green chillies	 3
Mustard seeds	 1
Oil	 3
Turmeric	 2
Ginger	 3
Asafoetida (Optional)	 1
Coriander leaves	 3
Cooking soda	 1
Salt	 to taste

Method: Bengal gram dal flour is soaked in buttermilk and allowed to ferment for eighteen to twenty-four hours depending upon the season; salt, turmeric, chopped ginger, soda and green chillies are added to the above and steamed till set (called Dhokla). Mustard seeds and asafoetida are fried in oil and poured over Dhokla which is then cut into small pieces. Coriander leaves may be added along with mustard.

# 36. GREEN GRAM LADOOS

	gm
Green Gram Dal	55
Jaggery	 30
Coconut (Optional)	 15
Water	 as required

Method: Green gram dal is roasted and powdered: a thick syrup prepared with jaggery, is mixed with the flour and made into small balls. Grated coconut or pieces of other nuts may be added before making the balls.

# 37. SPROUTED GREEN GRAM JAGGERY

	gm
Sprouted Green Gram	 55
Jaggery	 55
Water	 as required

Method: Green gram is soaked overnight, kept moist for two to three days so that it sprouts, then cooked with jaggery till all the water is absorbed.

# 38. DAHI CHIDWA

War and the second second	gm
Beaten Rice	30
Curd	 115
Jaggery	 30

Method: Beaten rice (chidwa) is washed and kept for about five minutes to soften. Curd is churned, jaggery added then the soft beaten rice is added and mixed well.

#### 39. SPROUTED GREEN GRAM

		am
		gm
Sprouted Greem Gram		1
Chillie powder	•••	1
Garlic (optional)		1
Pepper		1
Turmeric		1
Onion		5
Tamarind pulp		3
Mustard (optional)		1
Oil		3
Water		as required
Salt		to taste

Method: The sprouted green gram is steam-cooked. Garlic, onion, mustard and pepper are ground, fried and added to steamed, sprouted green gram along with other condiments and cooked till raw flavour disappears, No liquid should remain in this preparation.

# 40. SWEET POTATO PURA

	gm
Sweet Potato	 115
Whole or refied Wheat Flour	 10
(Atta or Maida)	
Sugar or brown sugar	 15
Vanaspati (absorbed by puras)	 10

Method: Boiled and mashed sweet potatoes are mixed with flour and brown sugar; made into small chapaties and fried till golden brown.

# Part II

# Menus for Mid-Day Meals and Snacks for School Children

In this part, a few menus which can be used for school lunch programmes are suggested. The menus given here do not involve elaborate processing and cooking and are based mostly on ingredients locally available and acceptable to the people. These menus provide about a third of the daily calorie requirment and about half of the protein requirement of the school going child.

It has been calculated that the cost of the ingredients for the lunch per child per day would be about 45 p. To this may have to be added the cost of fuel and preparation and service. If, however, free supplies of skim-milk are available through UNICEF, CARE or similar organizations, the cost will be less, Further, the amount of milk or buttermilk can be given in double the quantities indicated in such cases. The costing of the items has been made on the basis of the prices prevailing in Hyderabad city during August 1976. It is suggested that a part of the expenses may be borne by the parents and a part subsidised by the State governments.

The accompanying table shows the serveral menus with their calorie and protein value and cost along with the distinctive number of the recipes, details regarding the recipe appear in the following pages. It has sometimes been stated that snacks alone for mid-day meals may not be much appreciated. Hence the menus have been grouped under three heads. (1) Mid-day meals based on mixed cereals, (2) Mid-day snacks and (3) Meal-snack combinations.

Menus For Mid-day meals and snacks for school children

Menus	Programme of feeding	Calories	Protein gm.	Approximate cost P.
A. Mid-day Meals				
Main Boti (1)   Bane leaves (2) + hittermilk (7)		380	16	36
Whicher (2)   Curd (6) + Venetable Bhuila (3)		400	18	90
Porridge (11) + Venetable bhuila (3) + buttermilk (7)	(2)	480	22	51
Baira cooked (10) + Curry (4)	For three	430	15	26
Bajia cooked (10) + Cairly (4)	davs in week	420	16	26
Missi Roti (9) + Curd (6)		260	17	41
B. Mid-day Snacks				
Wheat pulse ladeo (14) + huttermilk (7)		540	20	36
Toffee (21) + buttermilk (7)		430	22	62
Tollee (Z1) + Duttellillin (Z)		370	14	38
Adia Cilole (3) + Dieda		470	30	62
Basen Omelete (13) + Toffee (4quantity prescribed in (21) +	ed in (21) +	452	27	51
butter milk (7) Toffee ( ½ quantity prescribed in (21) + Aalu Chole ( ½ quantity prescribed in (5) + buttermilk (7)	e ( ‡ quantity	450	22	42

26	44	22	43	22
27	13	23	13	27
440	460	420	430	260
	For two days in a week			
<ol> <li>Sweet biscuit (<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub> quantity prescribed in (22) + Dahi vadai</li> <li>(<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> quantity prescribed in (15)</li> </ol>	Potato gulab jamun (½ quantity prescribed in (16) + Dosai For two days 460 (¾ quantily prescribed in (17)	Basen omelete (13) + Toffee ( $\frac{1}{2}$ quantity prescribed in (21)	Fruit Chaat (20) $+$ Wheat pulse ladoo ( $\frac{1}{2}$ quantity prescribed in (14) $+$ buttermilk (7)	Marunda (18) + Khaman Dhokla (19)
13.	14.	15.	16.	17.

# C. Meal-Snack Combination

For two days in a week to begin with, if items under group B are not acceptable by themselves.

18.	18. Missi Roti (9) + Curd (6) + Sweet Biscuit (4 quantity	400	11	53
19.	19. Khicheri (12) + Curd (6) + Toffee (3 quantity precribed in (21)	450	22	44
20.	20. Porridge (4 quantity prescribed in (11) + buttermilk (7) +	440	22	34
	Aaiu cnoie (5)			

The basis on which the cost has been worked out is: cereals 1.50 per kg., milk Rs. 2.00 per litre, pulses Rs. 2.50 per kg. The other foods have been calculated according to the rates prevaling in Hyderabad city during Ausust 1976.

# RECIPES

# 1. MAIZE CHAPATIE

	gm
Maize Flour	 55
Oil	 3
Salt	 to taste
Hot Water	 as required
Celery seeds	a little

Method: As for item 4, Part I, page 5.

# 2. RAPE LEAVES

	gm
Rape Leaves	 85
Spinach	 15
Maize flour	 3
Ghee or Butter	 3
Ginger	 5
Green chillies	 3
Salt	 to taste
Water	 as required

Method: As for item 19, Part I, Page 12.

# 3. VEGETABLE BHUJIA

		gm
Brinjals or Cauliflower or Cabbage		
or Calabash Cucumber or		
Ladies Finger or Tinda		75
Oil		5
Onion		15
Ginger (only for cauliflower)		3
Chillie powder	•••	1
Coriander leaves		1
Turmeric		a little
Salt		to taste

Method: As for item 8. Part I, page 6.

# 4. CURRY

	gm
Bengal Gram Flour	 10
Butter milk	 275
Oil	 2
Onions	 15
Chillie-powder	 1
Turmeric	 1
Coriander seeds	 1
Garam masala	 1
Salt	 to taste
Water	 as required

Method: As for item 11, Part 1, page 8.

# 5. AALU CHOLE

gm
 30
 30
 2
 7
 15
 2
 1
 2
 2
 a little
 to taste
 as required

Method: As for item 27, Part 1, Page 16.

# 6. CURD

Skimmed Milk, Powder	•••	15 gm
ro		
Skimmed Milk		180 ml
Water (to take milk)		90 ml
Curd		a little

Method: A iittle curd is added to luke-warm milk and kept overnight in a warm place.

# 7. BUTTER-MILK

Skimmed Milk Powder	 7 gm.
or	
Skimmed-Milk, Fresh	 90 gm
Curd	 a little
Water	 100 ml

Method: The curd is prepared, churned and diluted wit water.

#### 8. TANDOOR KI ROTI

	gm
Wheat Flour	55
Ghee or Butter	 5
Water	 as required

Method: As for item 2, Part 1, Page 4.

#### 9. MISSI ROTI

gm
 30
 30
 85
 3
 5
 2
 to taste
 as required

Method: As for item 3, Part 1, Page 4.

# 10. BAJRA, COOKED

•••	85 gm
	as required

Method: As for item 5, Part 1, Page 5.

# 11. PORRIDGE

	gm
Broken Wheat	 85
Green Gram Dal	 30
Vanaspati	 3

Cumin (Optional)		1
Salt		to taste
Water		as required
Method: As for item 20, Part, I, Page	13.	
AO WHOUSEN		
12. KHICHERI		
Di		gm
Rice Green Gram Dal or Bengal Gram D	٠	40 40
Ghee	aı	2
Cumin	•••	1
Salt		to taste
Water	•••	to prepare
vvater	•••	to prepare
Method: As for item 22, Part I, Page	14,	
13. BASEN OMELET	E	
Rongol Crom Dol Flour		gm 85
Bengal Gram Dal Flour Oil	•••	2
Onions		20
Green chillies	-	2
Tomato (Optional)		40
Salt		to taste
Water		as required
		as required
Method: As for item 29, Part I	, Pag	e 17.
14. WHEAT PULSE LAD	000	
P 11P 1C FI		gm
Roasted Bengal Gram Flour	•••	55
Roasted Wheat Flour	•••	55
Jaggery powder Water or milk as binder		30
vvater of tilik as billder	•••	as required
Method: As for item 21, Part I, Page	13.	
15. DAHI VADAI		
Curd (rom 30 gms. skimmed-milk		gm
powder)		180
Green Gram Dal or Black Gram Dal		55
Order Gram Dary Diack Gram Dar	•••	00

Oil (absorbed by vadais)	 1
Chillie powder	 1
Roasted cumin powder	 1
Garam masala	 1
Salt	 to taste

Method: As for item 26, Part I, Page 15.

# 16. POTATO GULAB JAMUN

	gm
	55
a with Fre	sh
	30
	3
amun)	3
	30
	5
	a small pinch
	as required
	a with Fre jamun)

Method: As for item 25, Part I, Page 15.

# 17. DOSAI

		gm
Rice		55
black Gram Dal	Religion T.	30
Oil		15
Salt		to taste
Water		as required

Method: As for item 24, Part I, Page 14.

# 18. MARUNDA

am

Roasted Wheat or Roasted Ground-Nut or Roasted Bengnl	3
Gram	 30
Jaggery	 35
Water	 a little

Method: As for item 30, Part I, Page 17.

# 19. KHAMAN DHOKLA

	gm
Bengal Gram Dal	 30
Bengal Gram Powder	 30
Buttermilk	 140
Oil	 2
Green chillies	 2
Mustard seeds	1
Turmeric	 1
Ginger	2
Asafoetida (Optional)	 1
Coriander leaves	 2
Salt	 to tase

Method: Dal is soaked for 12 hours and ground; then mixed with Bengal gram dal flour and cooked as given for item 35, Part I, Page 19.

20. FRUIT CHAAT  Banana Pototo (boiled) Sweet potato (boiled) Guava Bilimbi Lime Chillie powder		gm 30 30 30 30 15 7	PHE - SOCHARA OF KOLUMENT SOCIAL SOCI
21. TOFFEE  Roasted Bengal Gram Powder	10.	gm 15	CH 13

15

20

30

as required

Method: Jaggery is made into thick syrup with boiling water, other ingredients are added, mixed well and spread evenly over a plate and cut into small cubes.

Roasted Groundnut Powder

Jaggery Powder

Grated coconut

Water

Skim milk powder

Met

	English		Hindi
14.	Potato		Aalu
15.	Rape leaves		Sarson
16.	Spinach		Palak
17.	Sweet potato		Shakarkand
18.	Tomato		Tamator
19.	Turnips		Shalgam
		FRUITS	
1.	Banana		Kela
2.	Bilimbi		Kamrak
3.	Guava		Amrood
4.	Lime		Nimbu
5.	Orange		Santra or
		CONDIMENTS	Narangi
		COMPINIENTS	
1.	Aniseed	•••	Saunf
2.	Asafoetida		Hing
3.	Big cardamom		Bari elaichi
4.	Black cumin		Kala zeera
5.	Celery seeds		Ajwain
6.	Chillie powder	•••	Lal mirch
7.	Chillie green		Hari mirch
8.	Cinnamon	•••	Dalchini
9.	Cloves	•••	Laung
10.	Coriander seeds		Dhania
11.	Cumin		Zeera
12.		seeds	Anaardana
13.	Garlic	•••	Lasan
	Ginger	•••	Adrak
15.	Mustard seed		Rai
16.	Pepper		Kali mirch
17.	Salt		Namak
18.			Imli
19.	Turmeric		Haldi
		MILK	
1.	Buttermilk	•••	Lassi
2.	Curd		Dahi
3.	Milk		Doodh

English

Hindi

4. Skimmed-milk

Makhan nikala hua doodh

# MISCELLANEOUS

Brown sugar
 Coconut
 Jaggery
 Oil
 Roasted groundnuts
 Sugar
 Sugar
 Shakar
 Narial
 Gur
 Tel
 Bhuni hue
 moongphalli
 Chini

7. Vanaspathi

Hydrogenated fat

Jamaya hua tel